

Patient Rights

This is meant to inform you, the patient, as well as your family that you have rights and responsibilities while undergoing medical care. If there are any questions regarding the contents of this form please notify any staff member.

Patient Rights

- 1] **Access to Care** —Individuals shall be accorded impartial access to treatment or accommodations as to his or her requests and needs for treatment or service that are within the clinic's capacity, availability, stated mission and applicable law and regulation, regardless of race, creed, sex, national origin, religion, disability/handicap or source of payment of care/services;
- 2] **Respect and Dignity** —Every individual, whether adult, adolescent or newborn, has the right to considerate, respectful care/services at all times and under all circumstances, with recognition of his or her personal dignity and his or her psychosocial, spiritual and cultural variables that influence the perceptions of illness.
- 3] **Privacy and Confidentiality** —The patient or his or her parent or legally designated representative has the right, within the law, to personal and informational privacy, as manifested by the right to:
 - Wear appropriate personal clothing and religious or other symbolic items, as long as they do not interfere with diagnostic procedures or treatment.
 - Be interviewed and examined in surroundings designed to assure reasonable audiovisual privacy. This includes the right to have a person of one's own sex present during certain parts of a physical examination, treatment or procedure performed by a health professional of the opposite sex and the right not to remain disrobed any longer than is required for accomplishing the medical purpose for which the patient was asked to disrobe.
 - Expect that any discussion or consultation involving the patient's case—whether the patient is an adult, adolescent or newborn—will be conducted discreetly, and that individuals not directly involved in his or her care/services will not be present without his/ her permission.

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- Have the right to review his or her medical records and have the information explained, except when restricted by law.
 - Have the medical records read only by individuals directly involved in the treatment or the monitoring of its quality and by other individuals only on the patient's or his or her parent or legal designated representative's written authorization.
 - Expect all communications and other records pertaining to care/services of the individual, including the source of payment for treatment, to be treated as confidential.
 - Request a transfer to another treatment room if another patient or visitor is unreasonably disturbing him.
 - Be placed in protective privacy when considered necessary for personal safety.
- 4] **Personal Safety** —The patient, whether adult, adolescent or newborn, has the right to expect reasonable safety insofar as the clinic practices and environment are concerned.
- 5] **Identity** —The patient or his or her parent or legally designated representative has the right to know the identity and professional status of individuals providing service to the patient, and to know which physician or other practitioner is primarily responsible for his or her care/services. This includes the right to know of the existence of any professional relationship among individuals who are treating him or her, as well as the relationship of the clinic to any other health care/services or educational institution involved in his or her care/services. Participation by patients in clinical training programs or in the gathering of data for research purposes should be voluntary.
- 6] **Information** —The patient or his or her parent or legally designated representative has the right to obtain from the practitioner responsible for coordination of his or her care/services complete and current information concerning his or her diagnosis (to the degree known), treatment and any known prognosis. This information should be communicated in terms the patient or his or her parent or legal designated representative can reasonably be expected to understand. When it is not medically advisable to give such information to the patient, the information should be made available to a legally authorized individual.
- 7] **Communication** —The patient or his or her parent or legally designated representative has the right of access to people outside the clinic by means of visitors and by verbal and written communication. When the patient or his or her parent or legally designated representative does not speak or understand the predominant language of the community, he or she should have access to an interpreter. This is particularly true where language barriers are a continuing problem.

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- 8] **Consent** —The patient or his or her parent or legally designated representative has the right to the information necessary to enable him or her, in collaboration with the health care practitioner, to make treatment decisions involving his or her health care/services that reflect his or her wishes. To the degree possible, this should be based on a clear, concise explanation of his or her condition and of all proposed technical side effects, problems related to recuperation, and probability of success. The patient should not be subjected to any procedure without voluntary, competent and understanding consent by the individual or by his or her parent or legal designated representative. Where a medically significant need for care/services or treatment exists, the patient or his or her parent or legal designated representative shall be so informed.
- The patient or his or her parent or legally designated representative has the right to know who is responsible for authorizing and performing the procedures or treatment.
 - The patient or his or her parent or legally designated representative shall be informed if the clinic proposes to engage in or perform human experimentation or other research/educational projects affecting his or her care/services or treatment, and the patient has the right to participate in any such activity. If the patient chooses not to take part, he or she shall receive the most effective care/services the clinic otherwise provides.
- 9] **Consultation** —The patient or his or her parent or legally designated representative has the right to accept medical care/services or to refuse treatment to the extent permitted by law and to be informed of the medical consequences of such refusal. When refusal of treatment by the patient or his or her parent or legal designated representative prevents the provision of appropriate care/services in accordance with ethical and professional standards, the relationship with the patient may be terminated upon reasonable notice.
- 10] **Transfer and Continuity of Care** —A patient has the right to expect that the clinic/facility will give necessary health services to the best of its ability. Treatment, referral or transfer may be recommended. If transfer is recommended or requested, the patient will be informed of risks, benefits and alternatives. The patient will not be transferred until the other institution agrees to accept such patient.
- 11] **Charges** —Regardless of the source of payment for the individual's care/services, the patient or his or her parent or legal designated representative has the right to request and receive an itemized and detailed explanation of his or her total bill for services rendered in the clinic. The patient has the right to timely notice prior to termination of his or her eligibility for reimbursement by any third-party payer for the cost of his or her care/services

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12] **Delineation of Patient's Rights** —The rights of the patient may be delineated on behalf of the patient, to the extent permitted by law, to the patient's guardian, next of kin or legally authorized responsible person if the patient:

- Has been adjudicated incompetent in accordance with the law
- Is found by his or her physician to be medically incapable of understanding the proposed treatment or procedure
- Is unable to communicate his or her wishes regarding treatment
- Is a minor.

13] **Rules and Regulations** —The patient or his or her parent or legally designated representative should be informed of the clinic rules and regulations applicable to his or her conduct as a patient. Patients are entitled to information about the mechanism for the initiation, review and resolution of patient complaints.